CGS 2545: Database Concepts Spring 2012

Chapter 2 – In Class Exercises

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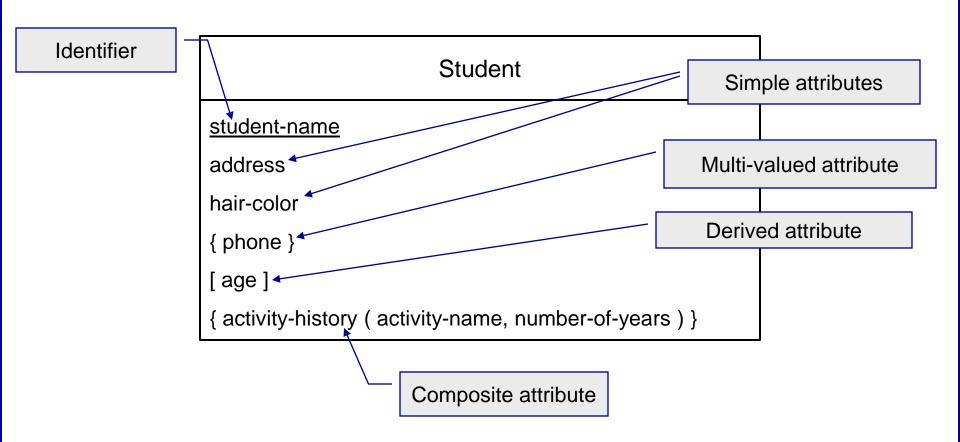
http://www.cs.ucf.edu/courses/cgs2545/spr2012

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- The entity type STUDENT has the following attributes: student-name, address, hair-color, phone, age, activity, and number-of-years. Activity represents some campus-based student activity, and number-of-years represents the number of years the student has engaged in this activity.
- A given student may engage in more than one activity.

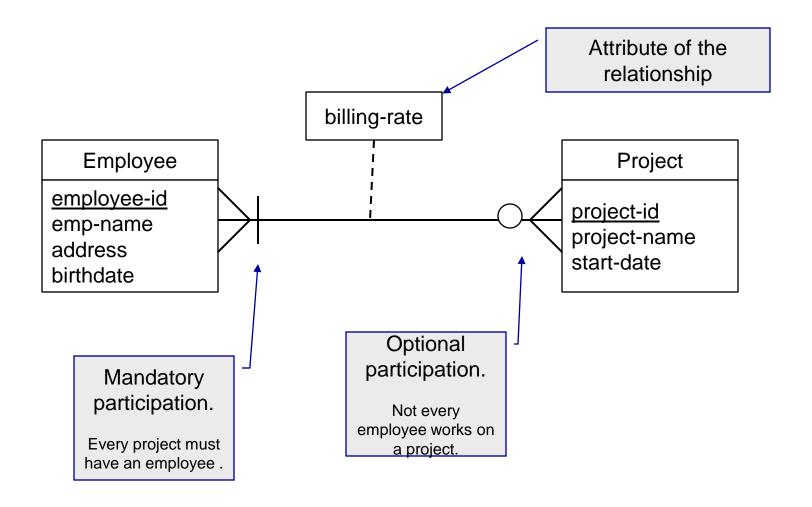






- A company has a number of employees. The attributes of EMPLOYEE include Emp_ID (identifier), Name, Address, and Birthdate.
- The company also has several projects. Attributes of PROJECT include Proj_ID (identifier), Proj_Name, and Start_Date.
- Each employee may be assigned to one or more projects, or may not be assigned to any project.
- A project must have at least one employee assigned to it, and may have any number of employees assigned to it.
- An employee's billing rate may vary by project, and the company wishes to record the applicable billing rate (Billing_Rate) for each employee when assigned to a particular project.

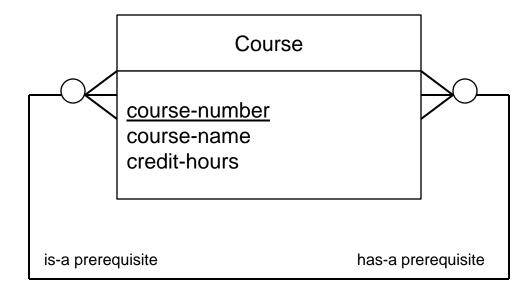


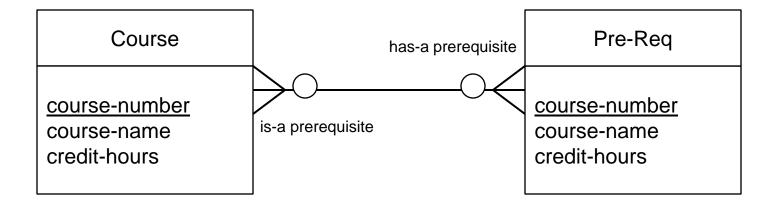




- A university has a large number of courses in its catalog.
- Attributes of COURSE include Course-number (identifier), Course-Name, and credit-hours.
- Each course may have one or more different courses as prerequisites, or may have no prerequisites.
- Similarly, a particular course may be a prerequisite for any number of courses, or may not be a prerequisite for any other course.





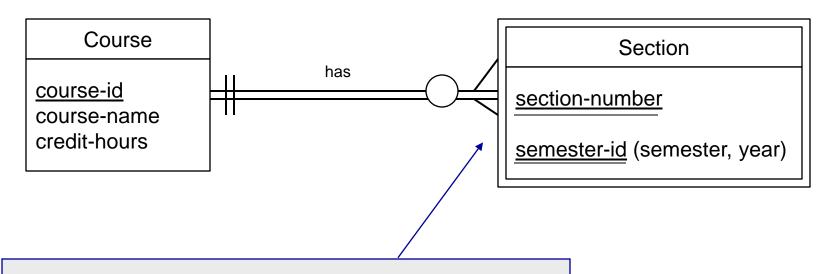


Question: Why is this not a good representation for this scenario?

Answer: Consider the case where almost every course has a prerequisite course and almost every course acts as a prerequisite as well. There will be a large amount of data duplication.

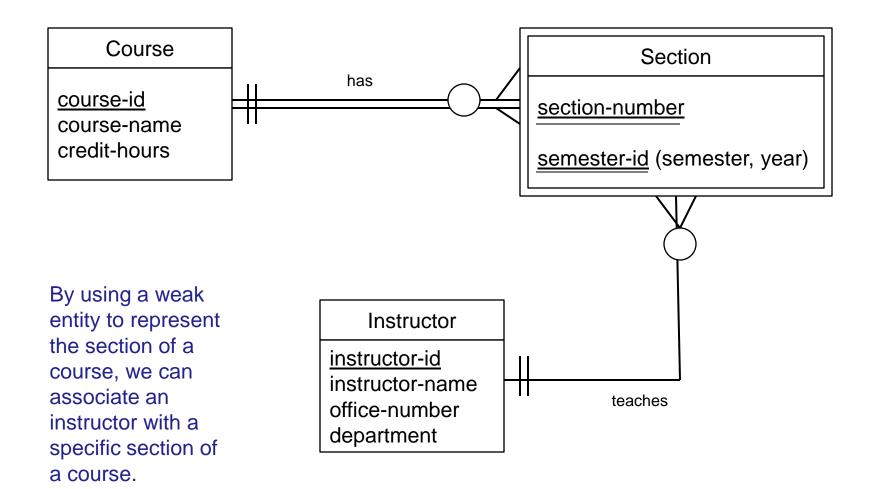


- A university course may have one or more scheduled sections, or it may not have a scheduled section.
- Attributes of COURSE include Course_ID (identifier), Course_Name, and Credit_Hrs.
- Attributes of SECTION include Section_Number and Semester_ID. Semester_ID is composed of two parts: Semester and Year. Section_Number is an integer that distinguishes one section from another for the same course but it does not uniquely identify a section.

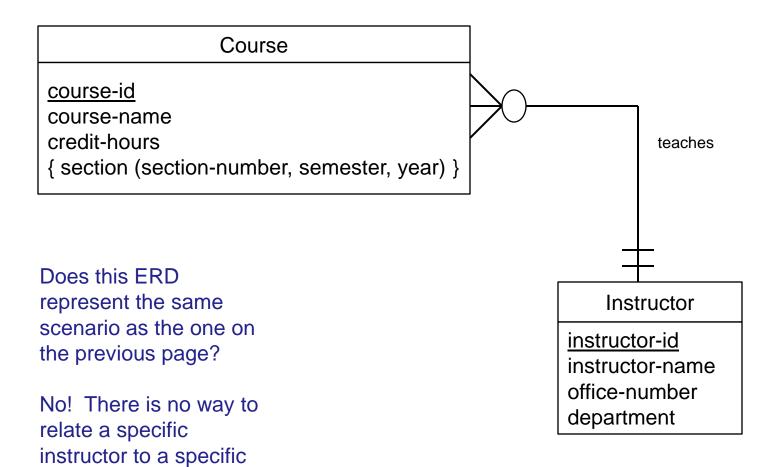


Section was modeled as a weak entity. It could have been modeled as a multi-valued attribute of course, however, this model allows a section of a course to have a relationship with another entity (think instructor or student)...the multi-valued attribute case would not allow this relationship. See next two pages for more details.







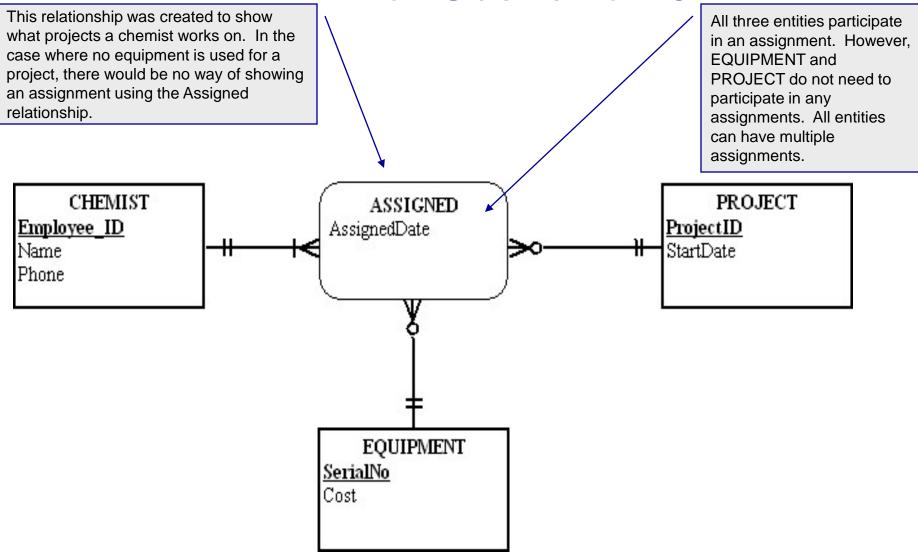




section of a course.

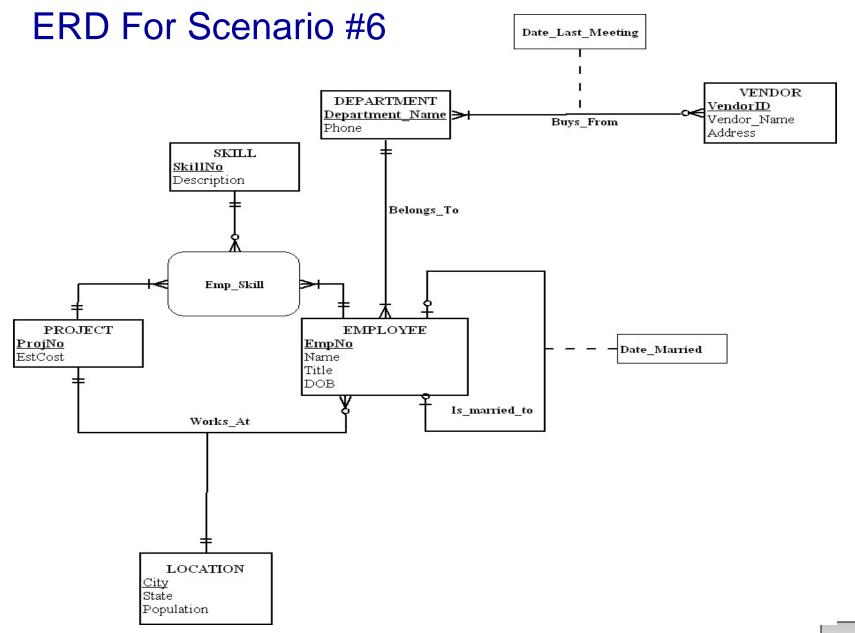
- A laboratory has several chemists who work on one or more projects.
 Chemists may also use certain kinds of equipment on each project.
 Attributes of CHEMIST include Employee_ID (identifier), Name, and Phone_no.
- Attributes of PROJECT include Project_ID (identifier) and Start_Date.
- Attributes of EQUIPMENT include Serial_no. and Cost.
- The organization wants to record Assign_Date that is, the date when a give equipment item was assigned to a particular chemist working on a specified project.
- A chemist must be assigned to at least one project and one equipment item.
- A given piece of equipment need not be assigned, and a given project need not be assigned either a chemist nor a piece of equipment.







- Projects Inc., is an engineering firm with approximately 500 employees. A database is required to keep track of all employees, their skills, assigned projects, and departments in which they work.
- Every employee has a unique number assigned by the firm, a name, and date of birth. If an employee is married to another employee of the firm, the data of the marriage and who is married to whom must be stored; however, no record of marriage is required if an employee's spouse is not also an employee. Each employee has a job title. Each employee does only one type of job at a time, and we only need to retain information about an employee's current job.
- There are 11 different departments in the firm, each with a unique name. An employee can report to only one department. Each department has a phone number.
- To procure various types of equipment, each department deals with many vendors. A vendor typically supplies equipment to many departments. We need to store the name and address of each vendor and the date of the last meeting between a department and a vendor.
- Many employees can work on a project. An employee can work on many projects, but can only be assigned to at most one project in a given city. For each city, we are interested in its state and population.
- An employee can have many skills, but they can use only a given set of skills on a particular project. Employees use each skill that they posses in at least one project. Each skill is assigned a number, and we will record a short description of each skill.
- Projects are distinguished by project numbers and we must store the estimated cost of each project.





- Each semester, each student must be assigned an advisor who counsels students about degree requirements and helps the students register for classes.
- Each student must register for classes with the help of an advisor, but if the student's assigned advisor is not available, the student may register with any advisor.
- We must keep track of students, the assigned advisor for each, and the name of the advisor with whom the student registerd for the current term.



